



## When is Enough *Really* Enough? *Resiliency vs. Adaptation as Storm Events Change* 2018 SESWA Conference









**Early Action Strategies** 



**Organizationally-driven Approach** 

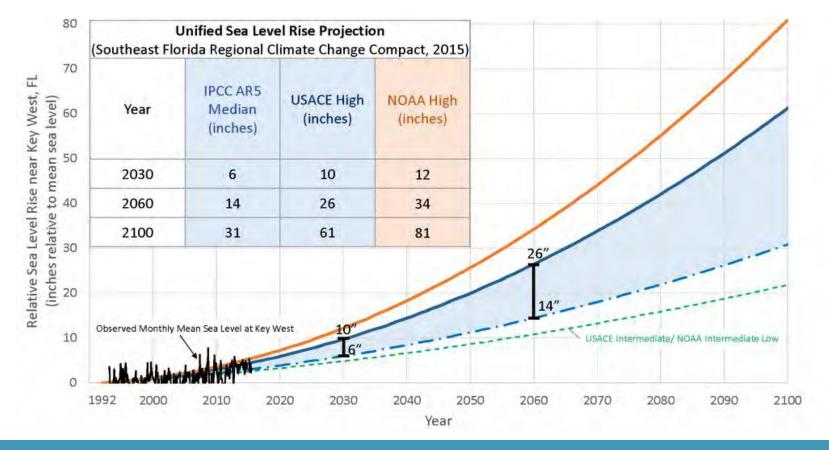


City-wide Modeling Using ICPRv4

#### Issues Facing Fort Lauderdale

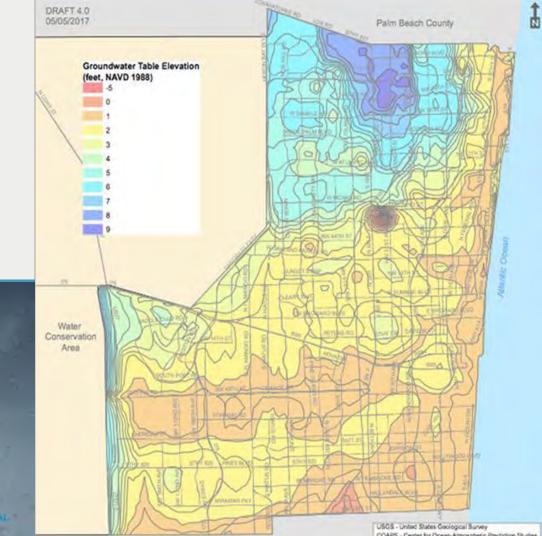
- Sea level rise
- High groundwater
- Extreme rain events
- Sunny day high tides
- Built-out neighborhoods
- Low-lying urban areas
- Traditional enterprise utility
- 160 miles of shoreline





#### Sea Level Rise

## High Groundwater Extreme Rain Events



#### HEAVY DOWNPOURS INCREASING



## **Sunny Day High Tides**

- King Tides
  - Dependent on lunar cycle



### **Early Action Strategies**

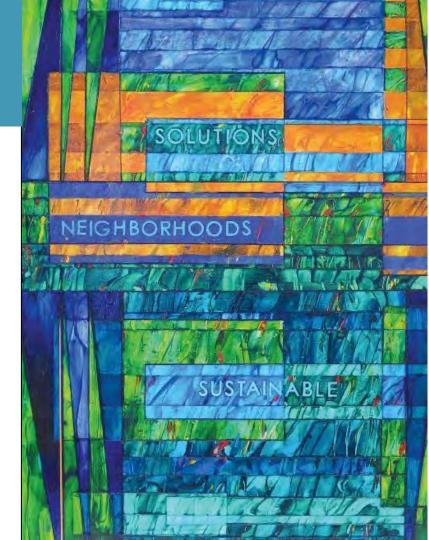
- Tidal Flooding Retrofits
  - $_{\circ}~$  Tidal gates/valves (147 to date)
  - $_{\circ}~$  Electrical panels raised on PS
- Sea Wall Increase
  - $_{\circ}~$  New ordinance raising minimum height
- Phase 1 CIP
  - $_{\circ}$  37 CIP projects
- Phase 2
  - $_{\circ}~$  City-wide modeling
  - $_{\circ}~$  7 priority neighborhood CIPs



## Organizationally Driven Approach

- $_{\odot}~$  Adaptive ppproach
- $_{\circ}$  Prioritization
- Fully understand the unique dynamics of the region
- $_{\circ}~$  Show progress early and often
  - City-wide master planning
  - Priority neighborhood design/construction





# City-wide Modeling Using ICPRv4

Data Collection

Model Development

Boundary Conditions

04

02

03

Scenario Simulation and Results



#### **Data Collection**

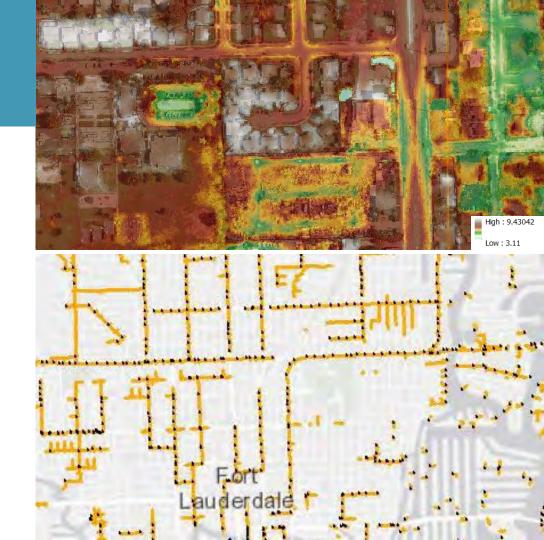
Many sources, many needs

#### $_{\circ}~$ High-density LiDAR

 $_{\circ}~$  Stormwater asset data surveyed

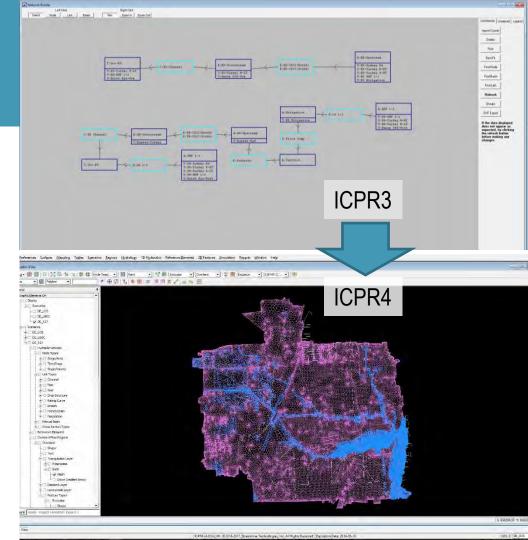
#### $\circ$ Other sources

- Environmental resource permits,
- State and County roadway plans,
- Stormwater inventory from surrounding communities



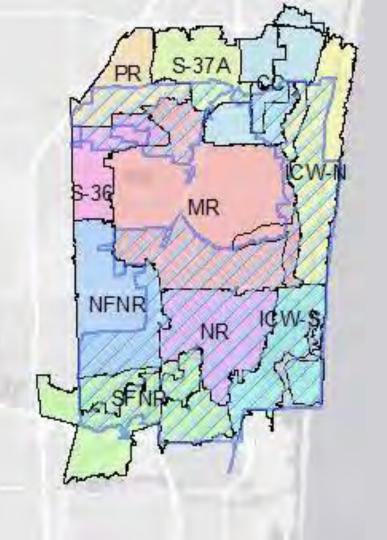
#### **ICPR4**

- Major changes from ICPR3 to ICPR4 include:
  - Fully integrated 1D/2D surface water model
  - $_{\circ}$  2D groundwater component



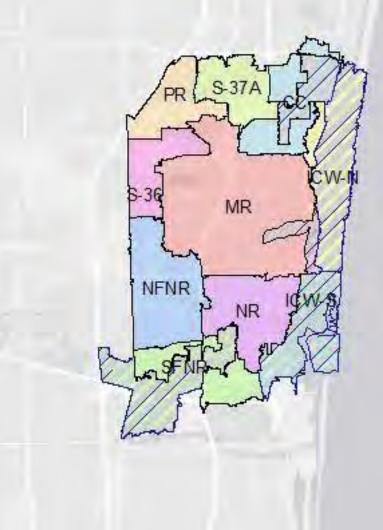
### Model Development Using ICPR4

#### 10 watersheds within city limits



#### Model Development 1D/2D Areas

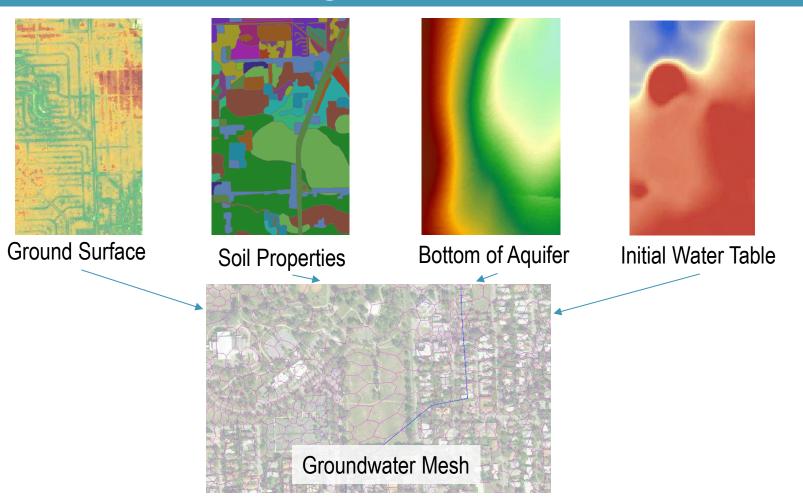
Areas selected based on level of complexity for modeling as a 1D or 2D area



#### **1D/2D Surface Hydraulics**

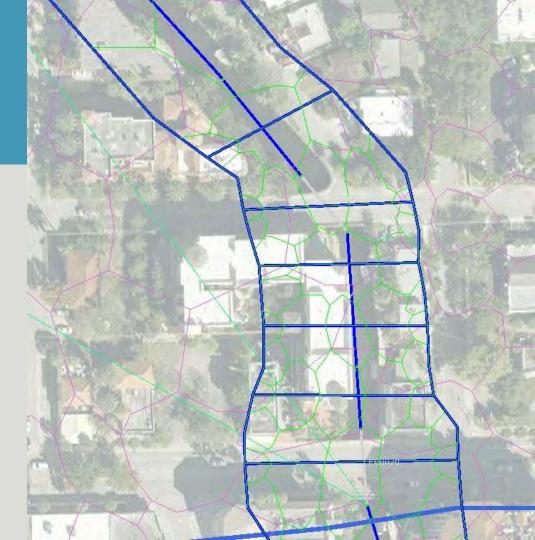


#### 2D Groundwater Modeling in ICPR4



# 2D Groundwater Modeling in ICPR4

Groundwater mesh linked to surface hydraulics

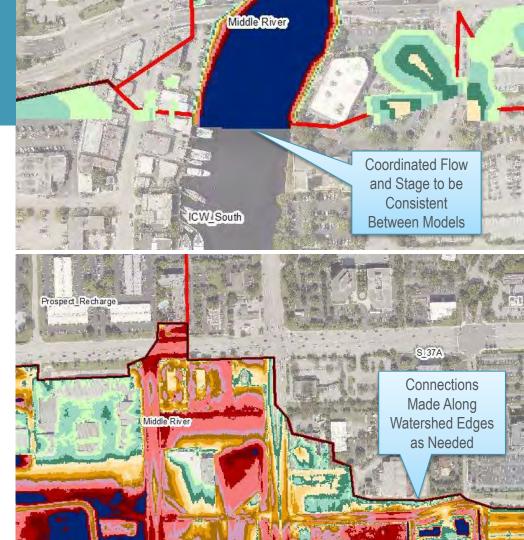


#### Inter-Watershed Boundaries

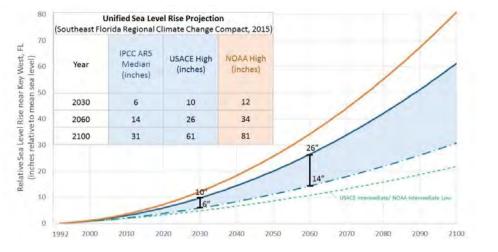
 Each watershed developed as an independent model

 Coordination at watershed interfaces was important

 Mostly needed at canal connections but some needed along watershed boundaries

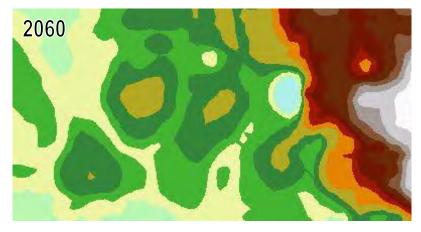


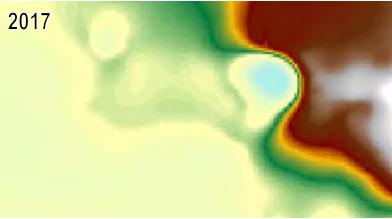
### Event and Scenario Simulation



#### **Groundwater Elevations**

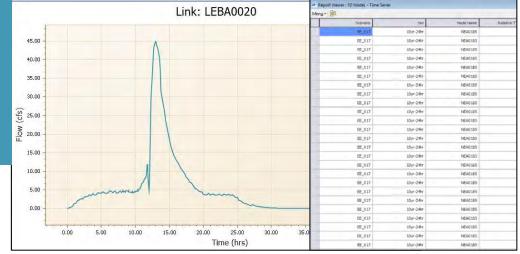
High : 7.5

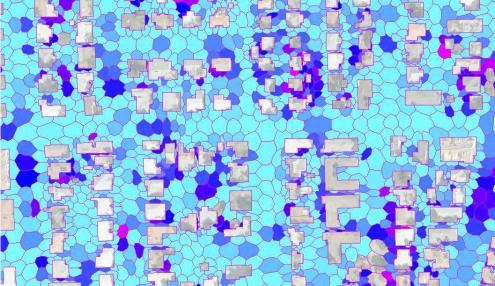




## Model Output and Inundation Mapping

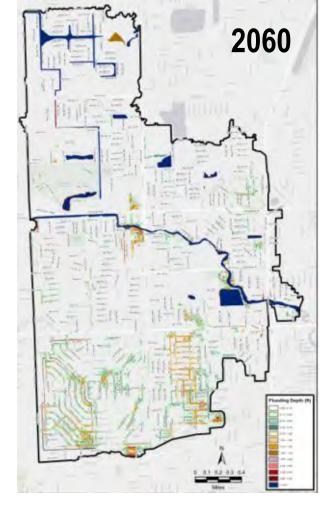
- Results from ICPR4
  - $_{\circ}$  Charts
  - $_{\circ}$  Tables
  - $_{\circ}$  Rasters
- Inundation mapping
  - $_{\odot}~$  Peak stages in basins for 1D areas
  - $_{\circ}~$  Maximum stage in 2D cells

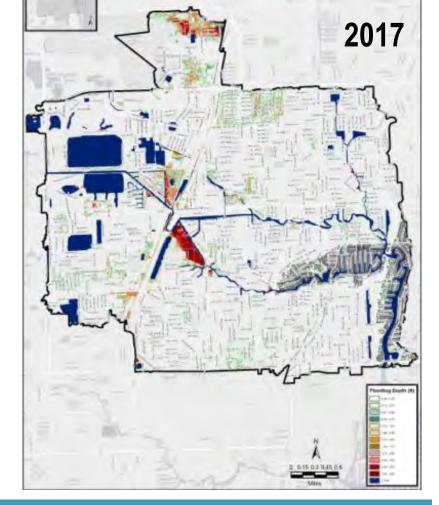


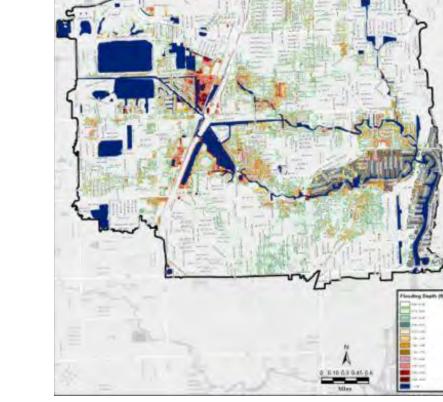






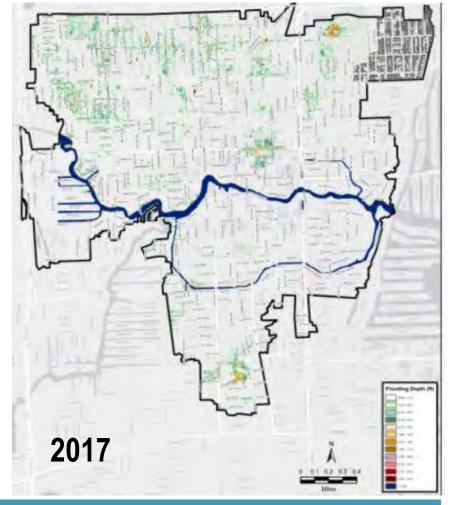


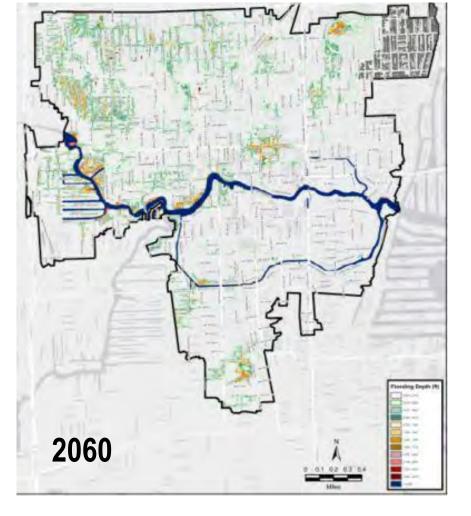




2060

#### Middle River-10-yr 24-hr





#### New River- 10-yr 24-hr

#### **Neighborhood Improvements – Pre/Post Analysis**

- Seven priority neighborhoods \$140M in improvements
- Wide range of problems
  - $_{\circ}~$  Aged and undersized infrastructure
  - $_{\odot}~$  Low-lying areas
  - Limited stormwater infrastructure





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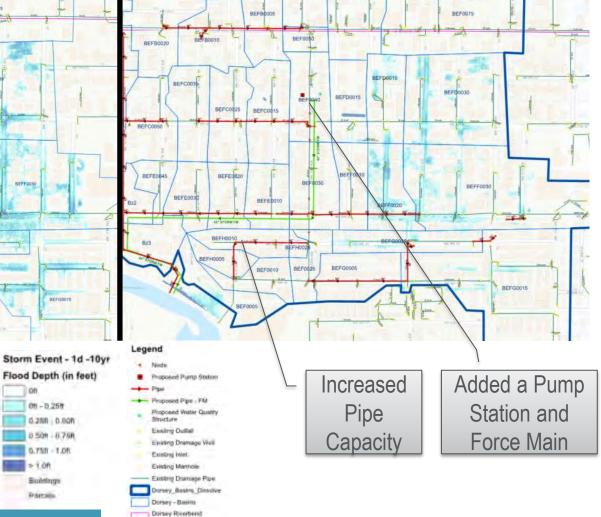
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Baldings

Parcalla

Neighborhood Limits



#### **Lessons Learned**



#### Keep things simple



#### Have processes in place



## **Questions?**

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